GSA Raw GNSS Measurements Task Force Workshop

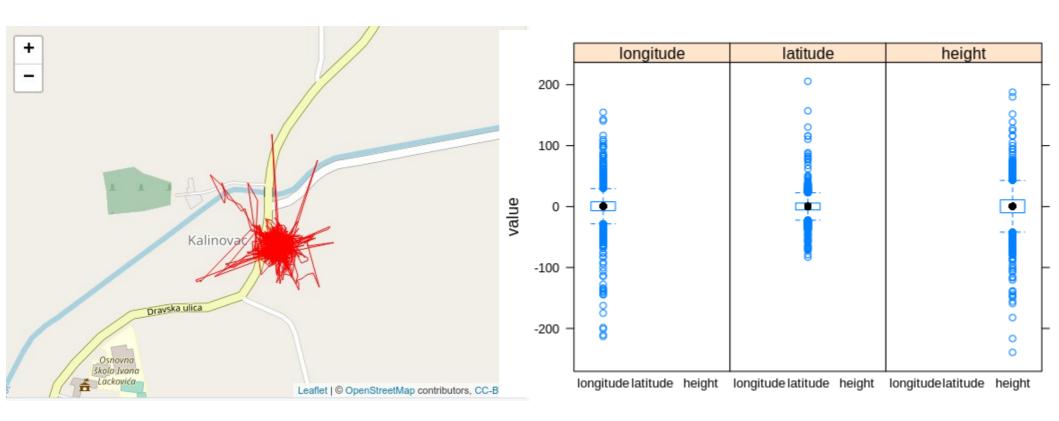
Innovative work results using raw measurements Prague, Czechia, 27 – 28 May, 2020 (virtual *Webex* meeting)



# RESILIENT GNSS POSITIONING PERFORMANCE: IS THE PROBLEM SOLVED?

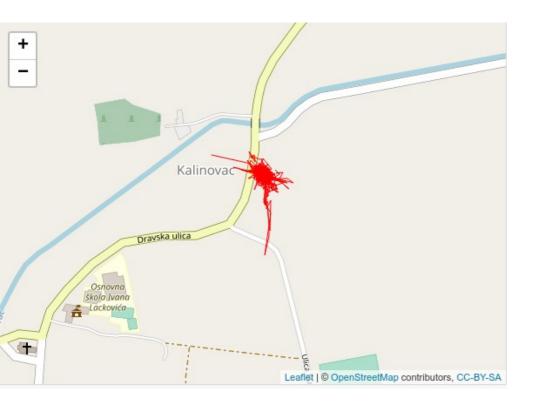
Dr Renato Filjar, FRIN,
Pofessor of Electronics Engineering,
Faculty of Engineering, University of Rijeka, Croatia
Zagreb University of Applied Sciences, Croatia

- GNSS positioning performance
- Foundation and enabling technology for GNSS applications
- GPS only

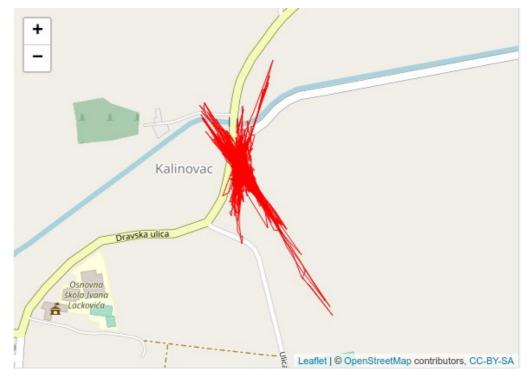


- GNSS positioning performance
- Foundation and enabling technology for GNSS applications

### Galileo only

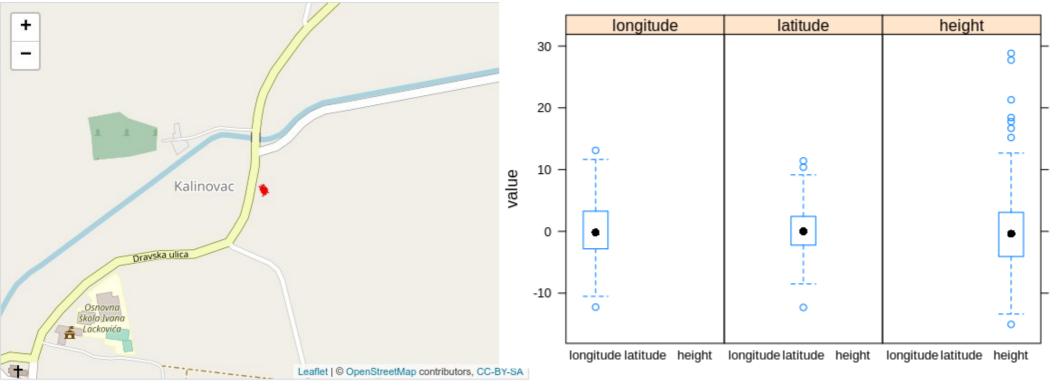


### Beidou only

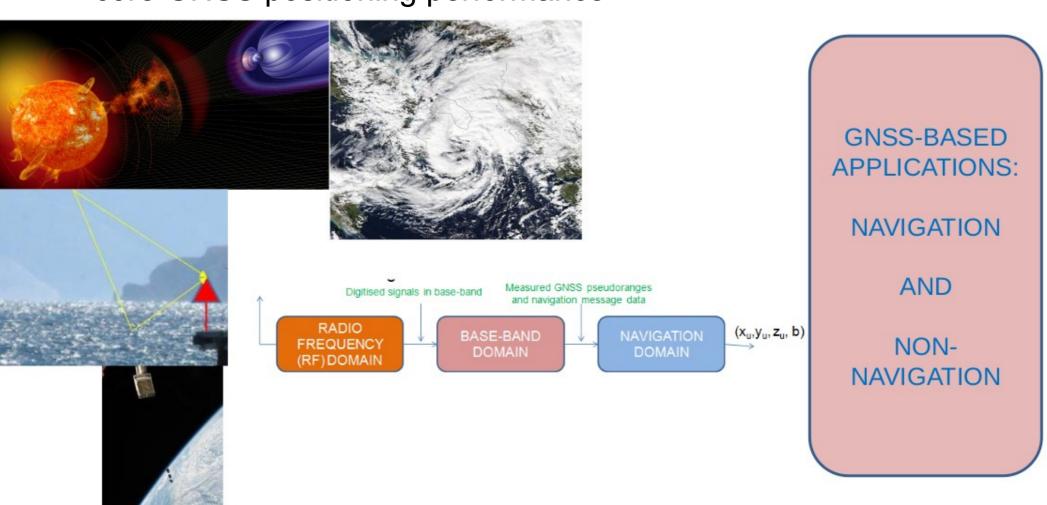


- GNSS positioning performance
- Foundation and enabling technology for GNSS applications

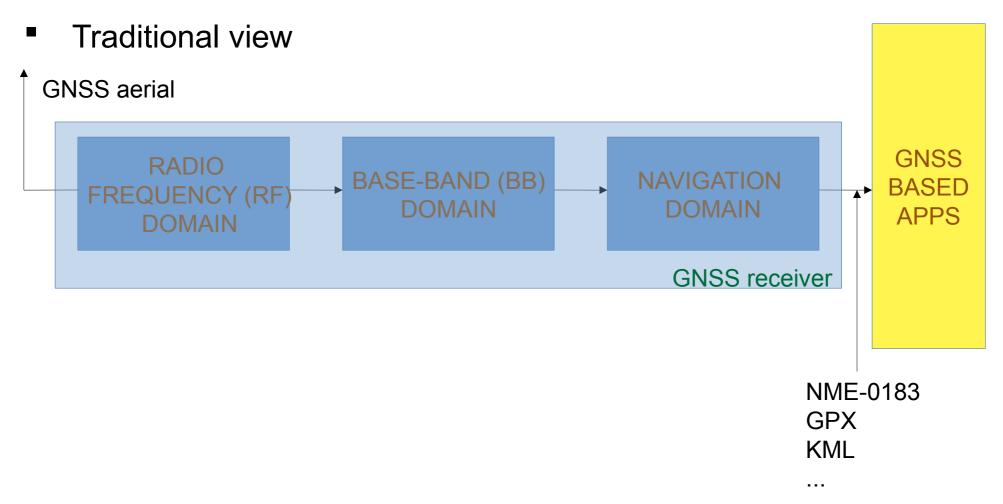
All four (single-frequency)



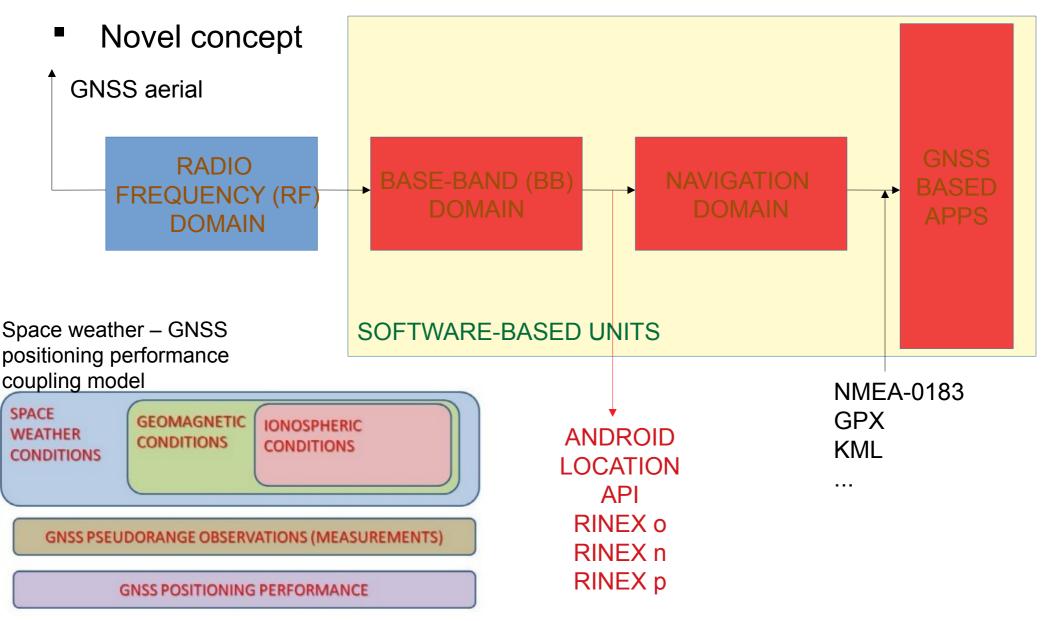
- GNSS positioning environment
- Challenges of the impact of natural and artificial effects on the core GNSS positioning performance



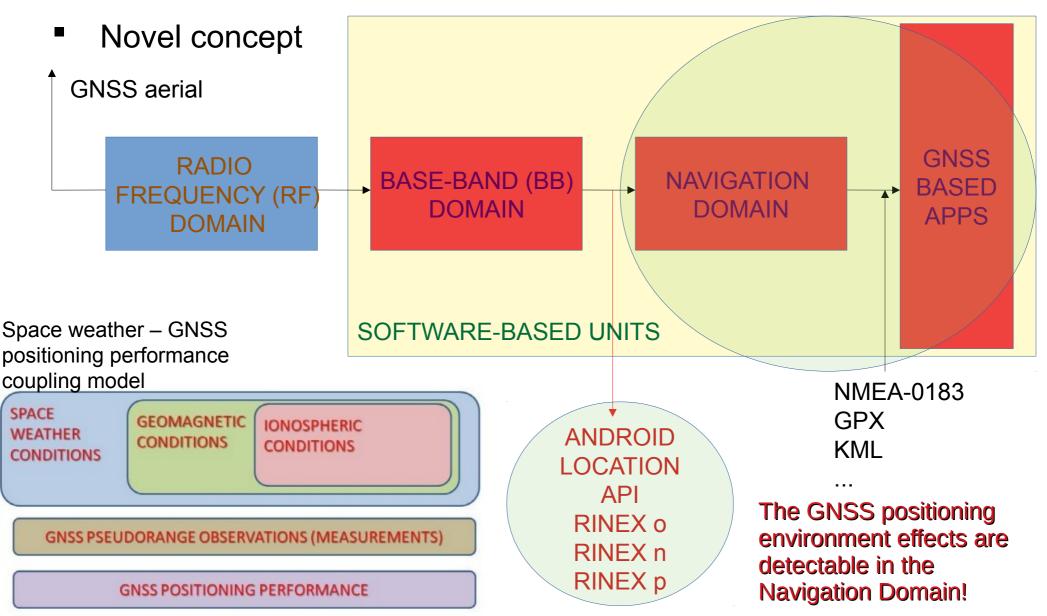
### GNSS positioning performance sustainability



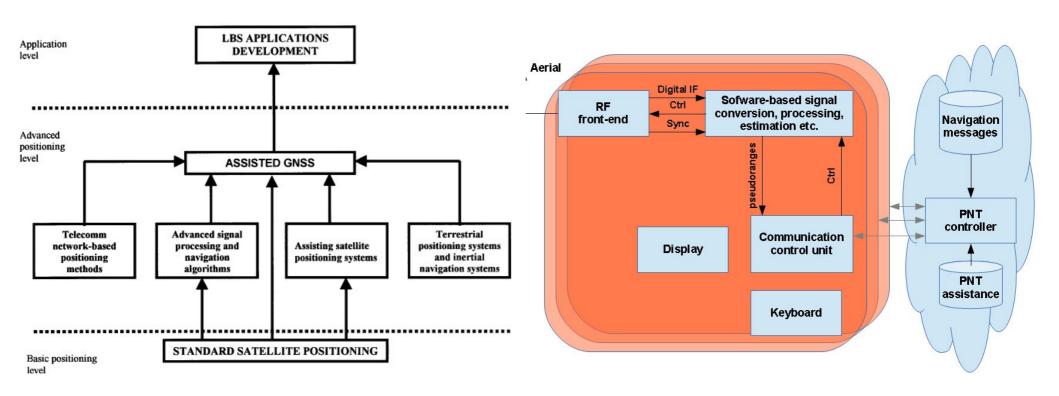
### GNSS positioning performance sustainability



### GNSS positioning performance sustainability



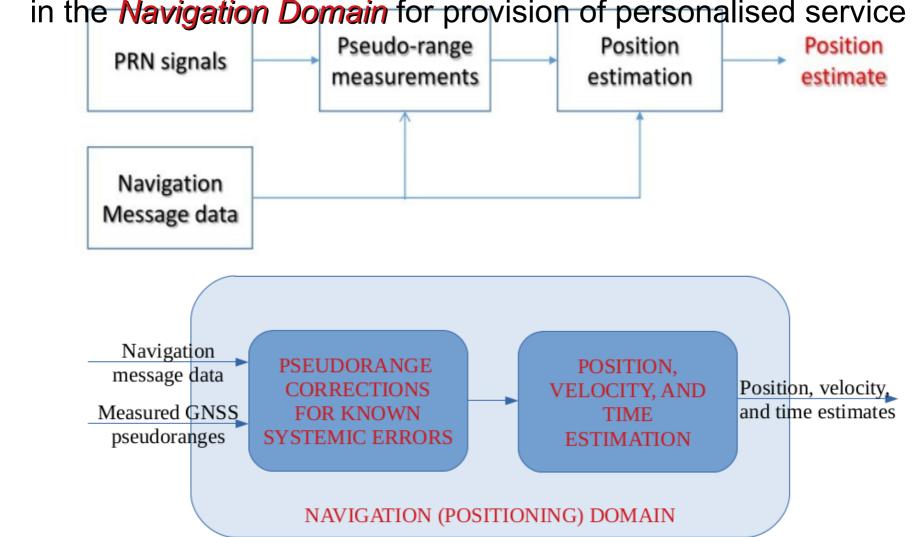
- GNSS positioning performance sustainability
- Evolution of the concept



Filjar, R, Huljenić, D, and Dešić, S. (2002). Distributed Positioning: A Network-Supported Method for Satellite Positioning Performance. Journal of Navigation, 55, 477-484. doi: 10.1017/S0373463302001996

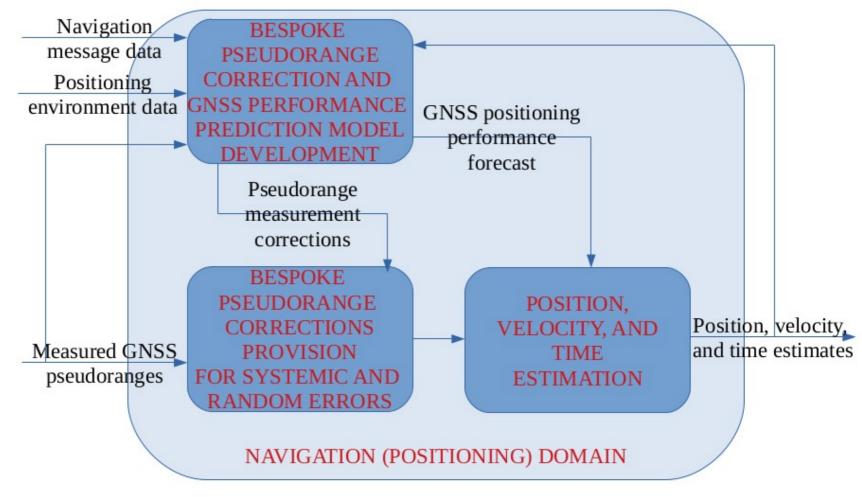
Filjar, R, Huljenić, D, and Lenac, K. (2013). Enhancing performance of GNSS position estimator by cloud-based GNSS SDR reciver architecture utilisation. Proc ELMAR-2013, 315-319. Zadar, Croatia

- GNSS positioning performance sustainability
- The problem we target: compromised raw GNSS pseudoranges in the Navigation Domain for provision of personalised service



- GNSS positioning performance sustainability
- The approach we take: the GNSS positioning process that selfadapts to the GNSS positioning environment conditions

In preparation for publication:
Filjar, R, and Jukić, O. (2020). Self-Adaptive GNSS Position
Estimation Process Improves Mitigation Of GNSS Ionospheric Effects. Proc of International Colloqium on Equatorial and Low Latitude Ionosphere. University of Lagos, Akoka, Nigeria.



- Theoretical foundations of the self-adaptive GNSS position estimation method Weighted Least-Square Solution (WLSS)of the Single-Point GNSS positioning problem
- Weights as the results of the model of variance for a particular GNSS positioning environment conditions

WLSS is determined through condition:

$$min ||y - \hat{y}||_W^2$$

If W is a diagonal matrix:

Estimate of vector of unknowns

$$\widehat{x_w} = (G^\tau W G)^{-1} G^\tau W y$$

Covariance matrix:

$$||y - \hat{y}||_{W}^{2} = \sum_{i} w_{i} (y_{i} - \hat{y}_{i})^{2} \qquad P_{w} = (G^{\tau} W G)^{-1} G^{\tau} W R W G (G^{\tau} W G)^{-1}$$

Filić, M, Grubišić, L, and Filjar, R. (2018). Improvement of standard GPS position estimation algorithm through utilization of Weighted Least-Squure approach. Proc of 11th Annual Baška GNSS Conference, 7-19. Baška, Krk Island, Croatia. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/dokumenti/zbornici-gnss/2018-GNSS-11.pdf

WLSS-based positioning process demonstrated in the scenario of the GNSS ionospheric effects mitigation

> Space weather effects on Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) positioning performance are well-understood. However, a numerical model capable of forecasting the extent of GNSS positioning performance deterioration due to space weather, geomagnetic and ionospheric effects remains a scientific challenge. This monograph addresses the challenge through introduction of the space weather - GNSS positioning performance coupling model, and utilisation of selected machine learning methods for model development in selected scenario of quiet space weather conditions. Based on the assembled database of experimental observations, several forecasting models were developed using machine learning methods selected according to statistical properties of observations. Models were compared and their performance assessed from both the modelling and computational perspectives. Presented results contribute to the effort of generalised model development. The monograph will benefit scientists in the fields of machine learning, space weather and satellite navigation, GNSS receiver designers, and a growing population of interested GNSS users.



Mia Filic Renato Filiar

Forecasting model of space weather-driven GNSS positioning performance

Forecasting model of space weather-driven GNSS positioning performance degradation

Mia Filić, mag. inf. et math. MRIN: Studied computer science and mathematics at Department of mathematics, Faculty of Science, University of Zagreb, Croatia. Independent statistical and machine learning, satellite navigation and space weather scientist. She received USRI Young Scientist Award in 2018.





### Self-adaptove GNSS positioning process

Bespoke GNSS pseudorange error model

$$\Delta \vec{\rho} = A \cdot \vec{l}_{pos-env} + B \cdot \vec{l}_{exper}$$

$$\vec{\rho} = \vec{\rho}_{meas} - \Delta \vec{\rho}$$
(18)

where:

 $\Delta \vec{\rho}$  ... denotes GNSS pseudorange measurement error vector estimated from known positioning conditions and experience from similar previous cases

 $m{A}$  ... denotes the transform matrix between vector description of positioning environment conditions and the resulting GNSS pseudorange measurement error

 $\rho_{meas}^{\vec{r}}$  ... denotes measured GNSS pseudorange vector

 $\vec{l}_{pos-env}$  ... denotes vector description of positioning environment conditions

 $m{B}$  ... denotes the transform matrix between vector description of previous experience and the resulting GNSS pseudorange measurement error

 $\vec{l}_{exper}$  ... denotes vector description of previous experience

### Self-adaptive GNSS positioning process

Bespoke GNSS positioning error model

$$\Delta \vec{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{C} \cdot \vec{\mathbf{I}}_{pos-env} + \mathbf{D} \cdot \vec{\mathbf{I}}_{exper}$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{x}} = \vec{\mathbf{x}}_{est} - \Delta \vec{\mathbf{x}}$$
(19)

where:

 $\Delta \vec{x}$  ... denotes GNSS position estimation error vector estimated from known positioning conditions and experience from similar previous cases

**C** ... denotes the transform matrix between vector description of positioning environment conditions and the resulting GNSS position estimation error

 $\vec{I}_{pos-env}$  ... denotes vector description of positioning environment conditions

 $\vec{x_{est}}$  ... denotes GNSS position estimation vector estimated from corrected pseudoranges

**D** ... denotes the transform matrix between vector description of previous experience and the resulting GNSS position estimation error

 $\vec{l}_{exper}$  ... denotes vector description of previous experience

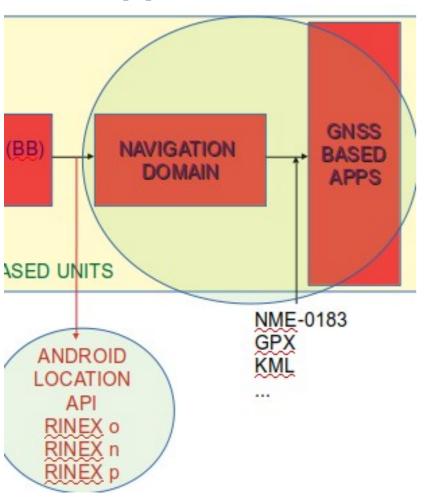
- Improvement of the GNSS positioning process may be rendered bespoke for targeted application and a particular GNSS positioning environment conditions
- A successful model balances bias and variance
- Bias, trend, and seasonality are usually mitigated well with the standard correction models, thus leaving variance as the key target to tackle!





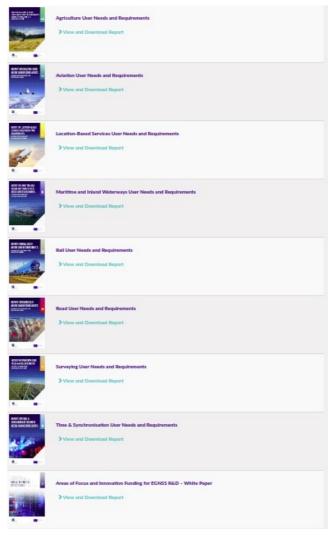
Positioning-as-a-(Personalised) Service through integration between the Navigation Domain of the GNSS positioning process and a related GNSS

application



GNSS User Needs and Requirements → *Ask GSA!* 

https://
www.gsa.europa.eu/
gnss-applications/
user-needs-andrequirements



- Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS)
- 50<sup>th</sup> anniversary to be celebrated soon

 Attraction and fascination to stay with researchers, developers, operators, users, society, and civilisation!





#### Journal manuscripts (I)

- Filić, M, and Dimc, F. (2019). Logistic map-encrypted PRN code as a proposed alternative to GNSS PRN pseudo-range code. TransNav, 13(3), 587-590. doi: 10.12716/1001.13.03.14
- Filić, M, and Filjar, R. (2019). GNSS positioning error change-point detection in GNSS positioning performance modelling. TransNav, 13(3), 575-579. doi: 10.12716/1001.13.03.12
- Filić, M. (2018). Foundations of GNSS spoofing detection and mitigation with distributed GNSS SDR receiver. TransNav, 12(4), 649-656. doi: 10.12716/1001.12.04.01
- Filić, M, and Filjar, R. (2018). A South Pacific Cyclone-Caused GPS Positioning Error and Its Effects on Remote Island Communities. TransNav, 12(4), 663-670. doi: 10.12716/1001.12.04.03
- Filić, M, Filjar, R, and Ševrović, M. (2018). Expression of GNSS Positioning Error in Terms of Distance. Promet Traffic & Transportation, 30(3), 305-310.
- doi:10.7307/ptt.v30i3.2304
- Filic, M, Filjar, R, and Ruotsalainen, L. (2016). An SDR-based Study of Multi-GNSS Positioning Performance During Fast-developing Space Weather Storm. TransNav, 10(3), 395-400. doi: 10.12716/1001.10.03.03

#### Journal manuscripts (II)

Filić, M, Filjar, R. (2019). A Considerable Level of Correlation Between SID-Monitoring Time Series and GPS-Derived TEC Observations Taken During Development of a Massive Ionospheric Storm. URSI Radio Science Bulletin, 2019(370), 27-33. doi: 10.23919/URSIRSB.2019.8956141 Rumora, I, Jukić, O, Filić, M, and Filjar, R. (2018). A study of GPS positioning error associated with tropospheric delay during Numa Mediterranean cyclone. Int J for Transp and Traff Eng, 8(3), 282-293. doi: 10.7708/ijtte.2018.8(3).03 Filić, M, Filjar, R. (2018). GNSS education reform is needed. Coordinates, 14(2), 31-32. Available at: http://mycoordinates.org/gnss-education-prospects-and-challenges/ Filić, M, Filjar, R, and Weng, J. (2018). An IGS-based simulator of ionospheric conditions for GNSS positioning quality assessment. Coordinates, Feb 2018, 31-34. http://mycoordinates.org/an-igs-based-simulator-of-ionospheric-Available at: conditions-for-gnss-positioning-quality-assessment/ Filjar, R, Filic, M, Lucic, A, Vidovic, K, Saric, D. (2016). Anatomy of origin-destination matrix derived from GNSS alternatives. Coordinates, Oct 2016, 8-10. Available at:

http://mycoordinates.org/pdf/oct16.pdf, and http://mycoordinates.org/anatomy-of-

origin-destination-matrix-derived-from-gnss-alternatives/

#### Conference papers (I)

- Filić, M. (2019). GNSS Navigation Message Authentication Using TESLA. Proc 13th Baška GNSS Conference, 29-45. Baška, Krk Island, Croatia. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/dokumenti/13-GNSS-2019\_Final.pdf
- Filić, M, and Filjar, R. (2019). On correlation between SID monitor and GPS-derived TEC observations during a massive ionospheric storm development. Student Paper Competition Award at URSI AP-RASC 2019. New Delhi, India. doi: 10.23919/URSIAP-RASC.2019.8738664
- Jukić, O, Sikirica, N, Rumora I, and Filić, M. (2019). Seven Days in Chile: Impact of the 2011 Puyehue-Cordon Caulle Volcanic Eruption on the GPS Ionospheric Delay.
- Proc of International Symposium on Global Navigation Satellite System 2018 (ISGNSS 2018), Bali, Indonesia. E3S Web Conf, 94, Article No. 01001 (4 pages). doi: https://doi.org/10.1051/e3sconf/20199401001
- Špoljar, D, Črnjarić-Žic, N, Sikirica, N, Lenac, K. (2020). Statistical analysis of ionospheric scintillation S4 index time-series during development of an ionospheric storm. Proc ISGNSS 2019 Conference. Juju Island, South Korea. Available at: https://bit.ly/3d9aCae
- Filić, M, and Filjar, R. (2018). Modelling the Relation between GNSS Positioning Performance Degradation, and Space Weather and Ionospheric Conditions using RReliefF Features Selection. Proc of 31st International Technical Meeting ION GNSS+ 2018, 1999-2006. Miami, FL. doi: https://doi.org/10.33012/2018.16016

Conference papers (II)

Filić, M, and Filjar, R. (2018). Smartphone GNSS positioning performance improvements through utilisation of Google Location API. Proc of 41 st International Convention MIPRO/CTI, 507-510. Opatija, Croatia. doi: 10.23919/MIPRO.2018.8400087

Filić, M. (2018). On development of the forecasting model of GNSS positioning performance degradation due to space weather and ionospheric conditions. Proc 2 nd URSI AT-RASC (4 pages, electronic format). Gran Canaria, Spain. Available at: http://www.atrasc.com/content/stick/papers/URSISummaryPaperMFilic.pdf Filić, M, Grubišić, L, and Filjar, R. (2018). Improvement of standard GPS position estimation algorithm through utilization of Weighted Least-Sqaure approach. Proc of 11th Annual Baška GNSS Conference, 7-19. Baška, Krk Island, Croatia. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/dokumenti/zbornici-gnss/2018-GNSS-11.pdf Filić, M, Weng, J, and Filjar, R. (2018). A comparative study of forecasting methods for space weather-caused GNSS positioning performance degradation. Proc of 11th Annual Baška GNSS Conference. Baška, Krk Island, Croatia. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/dokumenti/zbornici-gnss/2018-GNSS-11.pdf Filjar, R, Filić, M, and Mirmakhmudov, E. (2018). Categorisation of space weather and GNSS positioning quality indicators for estimation of GNSS positioning quality degradation. Proc of 11th Annual Baška GNSS Conference. Baška, Krk Island, Croatia. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/dokumenti/zbornici-gnss/2018-GNSS-11.pdf