

Sara Prot

Department of Psychology, Iowa State University, USA

Adrijana Banožić

School of Medicine, University of Split, Croatia

Ksenija Bosnar, Franjo Prot

Faculty of Kinesiology, University of Zagreb, Croatia

Latent class analysis of the revised Short Test of Music Preferences on a Croatian sample

The Short Test of Music Preferences (STOMP; Rentfrow & Gosling, 2003) has been developed to measure liking of different music genres. In previous studies on American samples it has been shown to measure four broad music-preference dimensions: Intense & Rebellious; Reflective & Complex; Upbeat & Conventional; and Energetic & Rhythmic. Croatian translation of revised version of STOMP was used on a sample of 1005 university students to explore possible intercultural differences in the structure of music preferences. To obtain the latent structure in the space of STOMP items, component analysis with promax transformation was done, with PB factor retention criterion (Štalec & Momirović, 1971). Four extracted factors clearly corresponded to the structure suggested by Rentfrow & Gosling (2006; 2003). Latent class analysis was conducted by four taxonomic algorithms representing agglomerative, hierarchical and polar taxonomic approach; i.e. K-means procedure (MacQueen, 1967), Ward method of hierarchical clustering (Ward, 1963), MORFOTAX algorithm for detection of polar taxa (Szirovicza & al., 1978), and TRIATLON algorithm for detection of clusters by neural networks (Momirović, 2003). The number of clusters was fixed corresponding to PB criterion. Efficiency of classification was evaluated by a series of discriminant analyses in manifest and latent space, showing statistically significant differences between groups defined by all four algorithms, after Bonferroni correction of probabilities was applied. Interpretation of taxonomic solutions was based on comparisons of group mean vectors of initial variables, as well as of 4 factors. Different algorithms produced different, but interpretable solutions. MORFOTAX algorithm produced solution where three of four dimensions matched those obtained in the factor solution.

Latent Class Analysis of the Revised Short Test of Music Preferences on a Croatian Sample

Sara Prot¹, Adrijana Banožić², Ksenija Bosnar³ and Franjo Prot³

Department of psychology, Iowa State University¹

School of Medicine, University of Split²

Faculty of Kinesiology, University of Zagreb³

- VALJANOST

- APRIORISTIČKA VALJANOST
- SIMPTOMATSKA VALJANOST
- PROGNOŠTIČKA VALJANOST

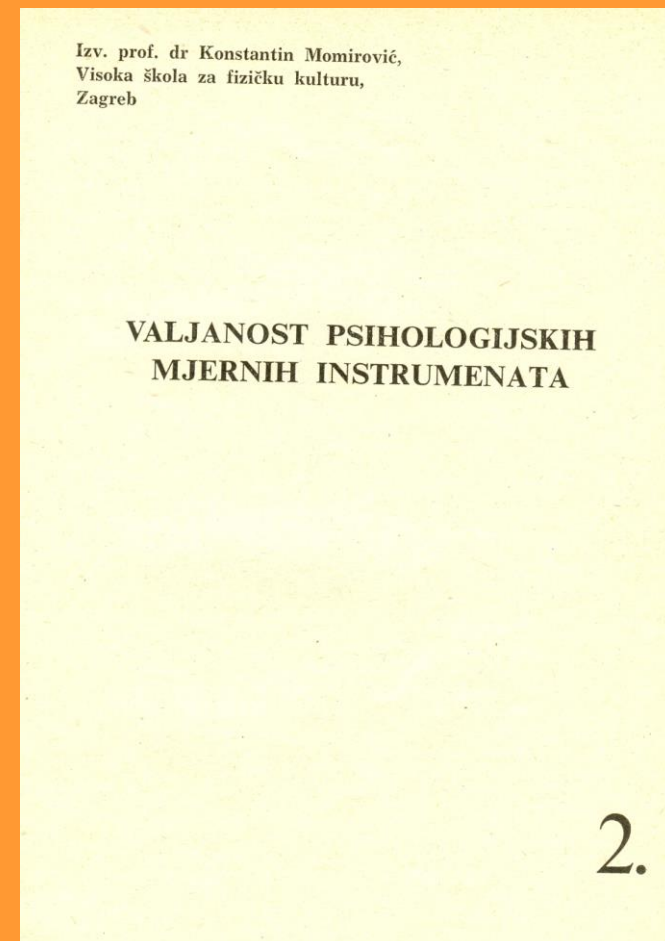
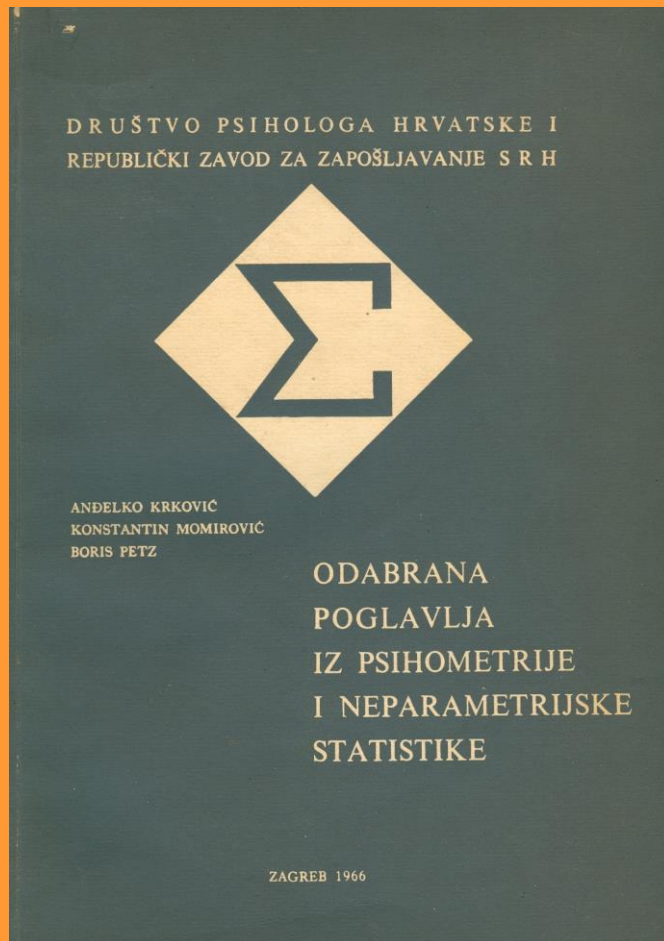
Bujas (1965)

- VALJANOST

- SADRŽAJNA VALJANOST
- SIMPTOMATSKA VALJANOST
- PROGNOŠTIČKA VALJANOST

Krković (1977)

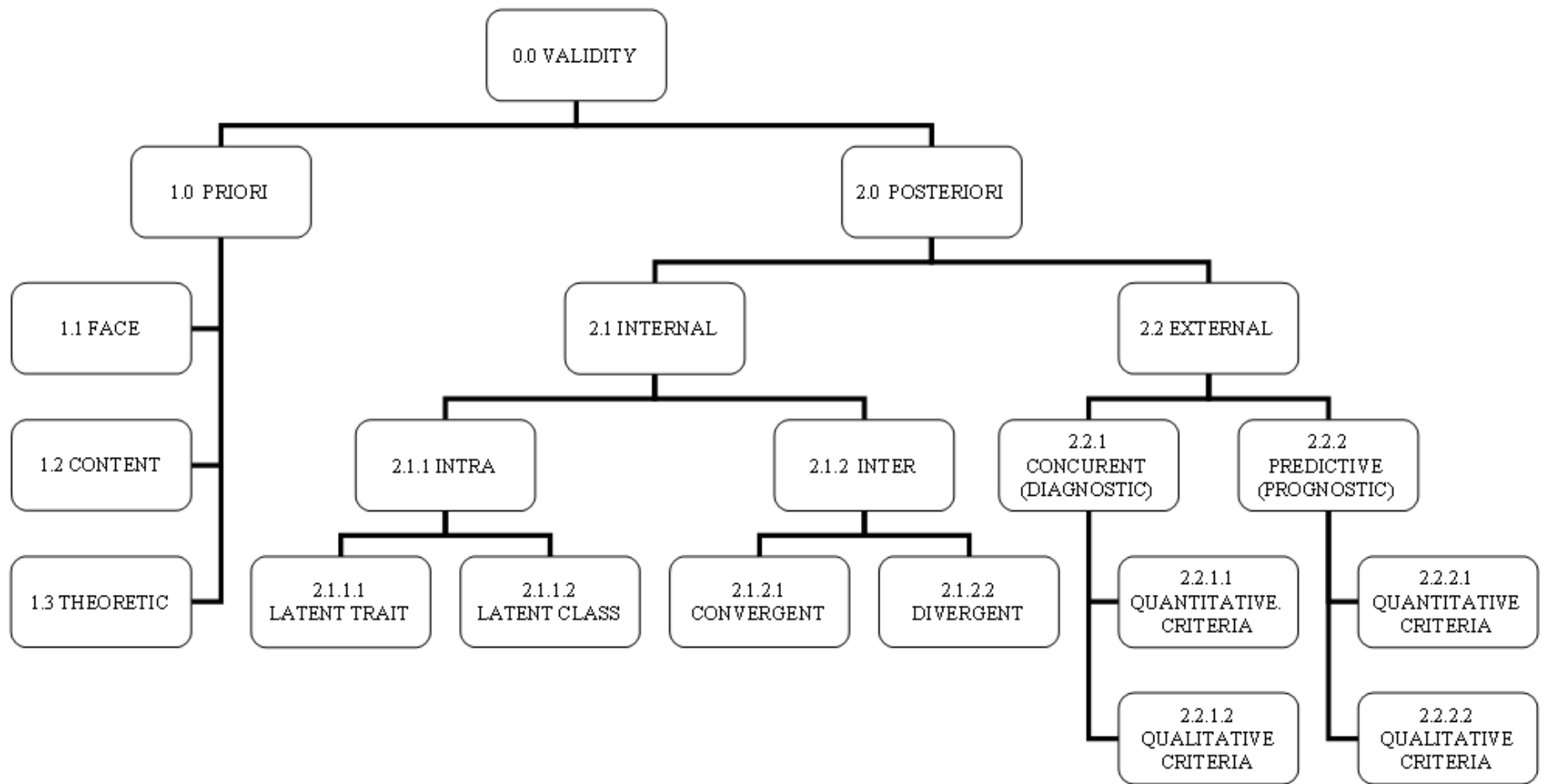
Momirović, K. (1966) Valjanost psihologijskih mjernih instrumenata. U Krković A., K., Momirović i B. Petz (1966) Odabrana poglavlja iz psihometrije i neparametrijske statistike. Društvo psihologa i Republički zavod za zapošljavanje.



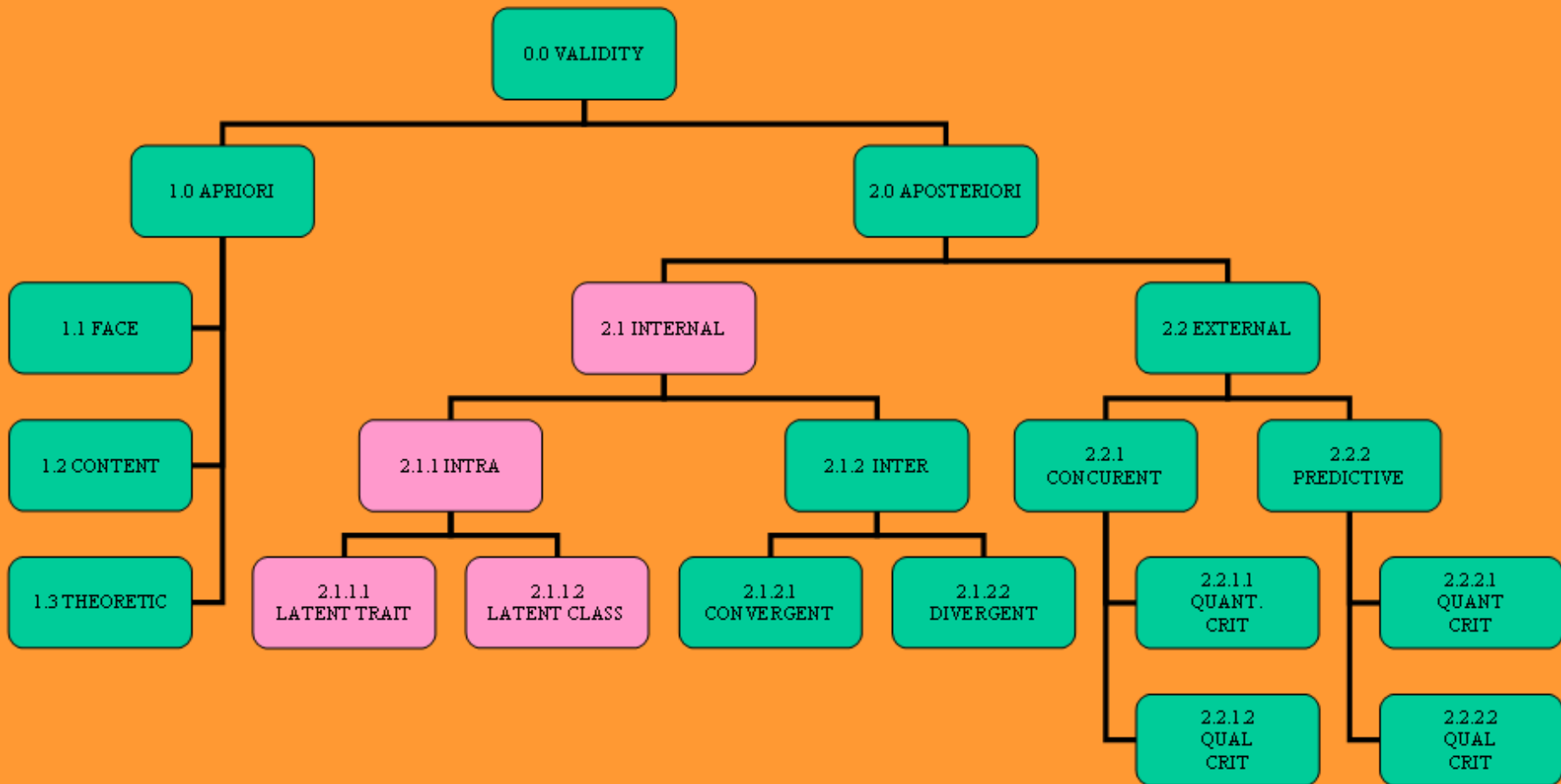
- VALJANOST
 - APRIORISTIČKA VALJANOST
 - POJAVNA
 - SADRŽAJNA
 - TEORIJSKA
 - **FAKTORSKA VALJANOST**
 - **INVARIJANTNA FAKTORSKA VALJANOST**
 - **ARBITRARNA FAKTORSKA VALJANOST**
 - PRAGMATIČKA VALJANOST
 - DIJAGNOSTIČKA KVANTITATIVNA VALJANOST
 - DIJAGNOSTIČKA KLASIFIKACIJSKA VALJANOST
 - PROGNOСТИČKA KVANTITATIVNA VALJANOST
 - PROGNOСТИČKA KLASIFIKACIJSKA VALJANOST

(Momirović 1966)

validity of measurements (Prot, 2010)



validity of measurements (Prot 2010)



AIM OF THE STUDY

- **Latent Class Analysis of the Revised Short Test of Music Preferences on a Croatian Sample**
- **Methodological tools for their interpretation**

SUBJECTS

	Frequency	Percent
male	394	39.2
female	611	60.8
Total	1005	100.0

Universtiy students mean age 20.23 years
98% of them in the range from 18 to 25 years

VARIABLES

- Music preferences measure liking of 23 different music genres.
- Evaluated on 7 point scale.

The Short Test of Music Preferences

(STOMP; Rentfrow & Gosling, 2003)

STOMP-Revised

Please indicate your basic preference for each of the following genres using the scale provided.

1-----2-----3-----4-----5-----6-----7
Dislike Dislike Dislike a Neither like Like a Like Like
Strongly Moderately Little nor dislike Little Moderately Strongly

- | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| 1. _____ | Alternative | 13. _____ | New Age |
| 2. _____ | Bluegrass | 14. _____ | Oldies |
| 3. _____ | Blues | 15. _____ | Opera |
| 4. _____ | Classical | 16. _____ | Pop |
| 5. _____ | Country | 17. _____ | Punk |
| 6. _____ | Dance/Electronica | 18. _____ | Rap/hip-hop |
| 7. _____ | Folk | 19. _____ | Reggae |
| 8. _____ | Funk | 20. _____ | Religious |
| 9. _____ | Gospel | 21. _____ | Rock |
| 10. _____ | Heavy Metal | 22. _____ | Soul/R&B |
| 11. _____ | International/Foreign | 23. _____ | Soundtracks/theme song |
| 12. _____ | Jazz | | |

STOMP-revised, Croatian translation (example)

STOMP-Revised

Molimo Vas da za iduće glazbene žanrove ocijenite koliko vam se sviđaju koristeći skalu od 1 do 7:

1 ----- 2 ----- 3 ----- 4 ----- 5 ----- 6 ----- 7

Uopće mi se
ne sviđa

Niti mi se sviđa,
niti mi se ne sviđa

Jako mi se
sviđa

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1. <u>2</u> Alternativa | 13. <u>7</u> Stare stvari |
| 2. <u>5</u> Blues | 14. <u>1</u> Opera |
| 3. <u>5</u> Klasična glazba | 15. <u>4</u> Pop |
| 4. <u>5</u> Country | 16. <u>1</u> Punk |
| 5. <u>3</u> Dance/Electronica | 17. <u>1</u> Rap/hip-hop |
| 6. <u>1</u> Etno | 18. <u>3</u> Reggae |
| 7. <u>2</u> Funk | 19. <u>3</u> Religijska glazba |
| 8. <u>4</u> Gospel | 20. <u>7</u> Rock |
| 9. <u>6</u> Heavy Metal | 21. <u>5</u> Soul/R&B |
| 10. <u>5</u> Strana glazba | 22. <u>2</u> Glazba iz filmova i serija |
| 11. <u>5</u> Jazz | 23. <u>1</u> Narodnjaci |
| 12. <u>2</u> New age | |

METHODS

1St PHASE

- Neural network factor analysis
- Principal component analysis with promax rotation

2nd PHASE

- K-means clustering (McQuin, 1967)
- Ward - hierarchical clustering (Ward, 1963)
- MORPHOTAX – polar taxons (Sziravitza & all 1977)
- TRIATLON – neural networks (Momirović, 2003)

Final number of clusters
according to PBC criterion
(Štalec and Momirović, 1971)

3rd PHASE

- Discriminant analyses in manifest and latent space
- Clustering of manifest scales centroids
- Clustering of standardized promax factors scores centroids

Preliminary analysis

- Nonlinear factor analysis by Hopfield neural network of data transformed to standardized sigmoidal (0,1) form with multigroup computation of initial solution.
- Principal component analysis with number of latent dimensions extracted in feature space of manifest variables according to PBC criterion.

Crosscorrelations of promax (PF) and Hopfield (HF) factor scores

	HF1	HF2	HF3	HF4
PF1	.974	-.154	.174	.120
PF2	.374	.132	.990	.322
PF3	.037	.988	.128	.246
PF4	.289	.372	.129	.988

Congruences of of promax (PF) and Hopfield (HF) pattern factors

	HF1	HF2	HF3	HF4
PF1	.994	-.063	-.083	-.021
PF2	.095	.035	.988	.117
PF3	.113	.992	.031	-.047
PF4	.192	.115	-.090	.970

- Principal component analysis with promax rotation and nonlinear factor analysis by Hopfield neural network are offering equivalent solutions.

Promax Factors Correlation Matrix

Component	1	2	3	4
1	1.00	0.27	-0.10	0.11
2	0.27	1.00	0.11	0.20
3	-0.10	0.11	1.00	0.28
4	0.11	0.20	0.28	1.00

Promax Pattern Matrix

	Component			
	1	2	3	4
ALTERNAT	0.66	-0.05	-0.11	0.34
BLUES	0.54	0.44	0.04	0.08
KLASICNA	0.20	0.67	0.01	-0.10
COUNTRZ	-0.06	0.57	0.08	0.04
DANCE	-0.34	-0.16	0.21	0.50
ETNO	-0.15	0.48	-0.33	0.53
FUNK	0.11	0.14	0.01	0.63
GOSPEL	-0.02	0.66	0.14	0.09
HEAVYMET	0.63	-0.08	-0.15	0.19
STRANAMU	0.25	-0.20	0.73	-0.01
JAZZ	0.44	0.41	0.14	0.09
NEWAGE	0.17	-0.05	0.04	0.55
STARESTV	0.20	0.19	0.46	-0.08
OPERA	0.03	0.70	-0.03	-0.03
POP	-0.44	0.11	0.59	0.05
PUNK	0.53	-0.13	-0.03	0.48
RAPHIPHO	-0.23	-0.14	0.42	0.44
REGGAE	0.28	0.02	0.13	0.54
RELIGIJS	-0.45	0.66	0.02	-0.05
ROCK	0.71	0.00	0.29	-0.01
SOULRB	-0.07	0.10	0.67	0.17
FILMOVI	0.13	0.26	0.55	-0.07
NARODNJA	-0.68	0.05	-0.13	0.16

Promax Structure Matrix

	Component			
	1	2	3	4
ALTERNAT	0.69	0.19	-0.09	0.37
BLUES	0.66	0.60	0.05	0.24
KLASICNA	0.37	0.70	0.03	0.05
COUNTRY	0.09	0.57	0.16	0.17
DANCE	-0.35	-0.13	0.37	0.49
ETNO	0.07	0.52	-0.11	0.52
FUNK	0.21	0.29	0.19	0.67
GOSPEL	0.15	0.68	0.24	0.26
HEAVYMET	0.65	0.12	-0.17	0.20
STRANAMU	0.12	-0.06	0.68	0.18
JAZZ	0.55	0.56	0.17	0.26
NEWAGE	0.21	0.11	0.17	0.57
STARESTV	0.19	0.27	0.44	0.11
OPERA	0.21	0.69	0.03	0.10
POP	-0.46	0.07	0.66	0.20
PUNK	0.55	0.11	0.04	0.50
RAPHIPHO	-0.26	-0.07	0.55	0.50
REGGAE	0.33	0.22	0.26	0.61
RELIGIJS	-0.28	0.53	0.12	0.04
ROCK	0.67	0.22	0.21	0.15
SOULRB	-0.09	0.19	0.74	0.37
FILMOVI	0.13	0.33	0.54	0.15
NARODNJA	-0.63	-0.12	-0.01	0.06

PROMAX SOLUTION

1st Intense&Rebellius

2nd Reflective&Complex

3rd Upbeat&Conventional

4th Energetic&Rhythmic

1. factor : **Intense & Rebellious** : (+): alternat, rock, (blues, jazz, punk) (-): narodnjaci
2. factor : **Reflective & Complex**: (+): opera, classical, *gospel, religion, country*, (blues, jazz)
3. factor: **Upbeat & Conventional**: (+): stranamu, soulRB, pop, filmovi, starestv, (raphipop)
/reduced for *gospel, religion country*/
4. factor: **Energetic & Rhythmic**: (+): funk, regge, etno, dance, (punk, raphipop)

Discriminant analysis (manifest variables space)

Canonical Discriminant Functions in manifest space

Canonical correlations	1 st	2 nd	3 rd
K-means clustering	.83	.74	.65
Ward hierarchical clustering	.82	.72	.27
Morfotax	.75	.73	.70
Triatlon	.88	.79	.73

Discriminant analysis (promax factors space)

Canonical Discriminant Functions in promax space

Canonical correlations	1 st	2 nd	3 rd
K-means clustering	.81	.71	.59
Ward hierarchical clustering	.81	.70	.09
Morfotax	.74	.71	.68
Triatlon	.70	.60	.30

Contingency Table

K-means (QCL_1) : Ward (CLU4_1)

57.5%

		CLU4_1				Total
		1	2	3	4	
QCL_1	1	23	0	8	(85.6%) 184 (62.4%)	215
	2	14	(46.6%) 135 (97.1%)	(42.8%) 124 (54.4%)	17	290
	3	61	4	89	77	231
	4	(91%) 245 (71.4%)	0	7	17	269
Total		343	139	228	295	1005

Contingency Table

K-means (QCL_1) : MORFOTAX (MINTAX4)

63.0%

		MINTAX4				Total
		1	2	3	4	
QCL_1	1	33	0	141 (58.55%) (65.6%)	41	215
	2	76	147 (68.4%) (50.1%)	56	11	290
	3	168 (60.6%) (72.7%)	14	6	43	231
	4	0	54	38	177 (65.1%) (65.8%)	269
Total		277	215	241	272	1005

Contingency Table

K-means (QCL_1) : TRIATLON (TRIATAX)

57.9%

		TRIATAX				Total
		1	2	3	4	
QCL_1	1	14	14	138 (57.3%) (64.2%)	49	215
	2	77	160 (72.1%) (55.2%)	37	16	290
	3	114 (43.2%) (49.2%)	39	35	43	231
	4	59	9	31	170 (61.2%) (63.2%)	269
Total		264	222	241	278	1005

Contingency Table

Ward (CLU4_1) : MORFOTAX (MINTAX4)

63.0%

		MNTAX4				Total
		1	2	3	4	
QCL_1	1	33	0	(65.6%) 141 (58.5%)	41	215
	2	76	(50.7%) 147 (68.4%)	56	11	290
	3	(72.7%) 168 (60.6%)	14	6	43	231
	4	0	54	38	(65.8%) 177 (65.1%)	269
Total		277	215	241	272	1005

Contingency Table

Ward (CLU4_1) : TRIATLON (TRIATAX)

57.9%

		TRIATAX				Total
		1	2	3	4	
QCL_1	1	14	14	138 (57.3%) (64.2%)	49	215
	2	77	160 (72.1%) (55.2%)	37	16	290
	3	114 (43.2%) (49.4%)	39	35	43	231
	4	59	9	31	170 (61.2%) (63.2%)	269
Total		264	222	241	278	1005

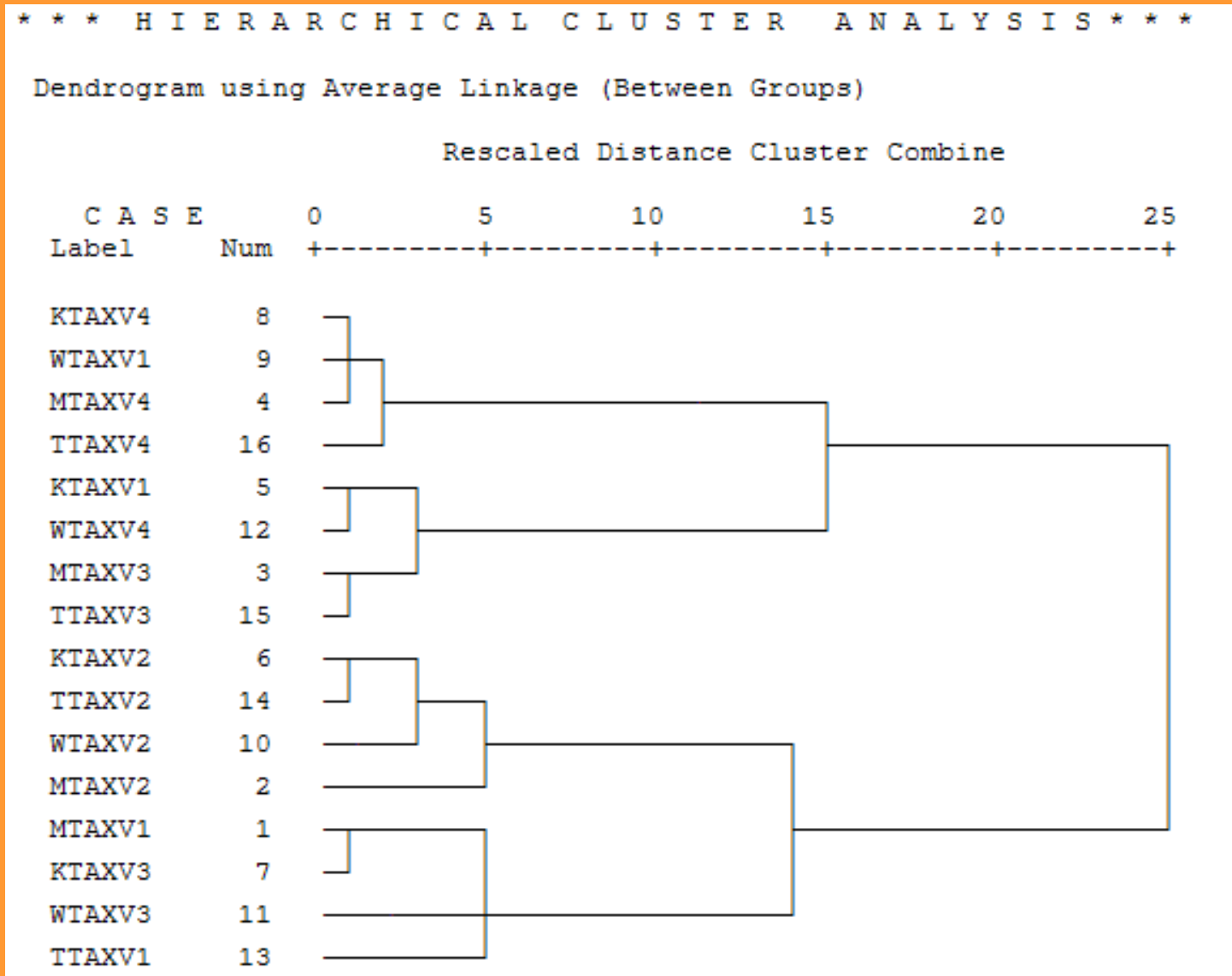
Contingency Table

MORFOTAX (MINTAX4) : TRIATLON (TRIATAX)
50.4%

		TRIATAX				Total
		1	2	3	4	
MNTAX4	1	(38.7%) 106 (40.2%)	80	60	31	277
	2	67	(47.0%) 101 (45.5%)	6	41	215
	3	11	38	(59.3%) 143 (59.3%)	49	241
	4	80	3	32	(57.7%) 157 (56.5%)	272
Total		264	222	241	278	1005

CLUSTERING OF MANIFEST SCALES CENTROIDS

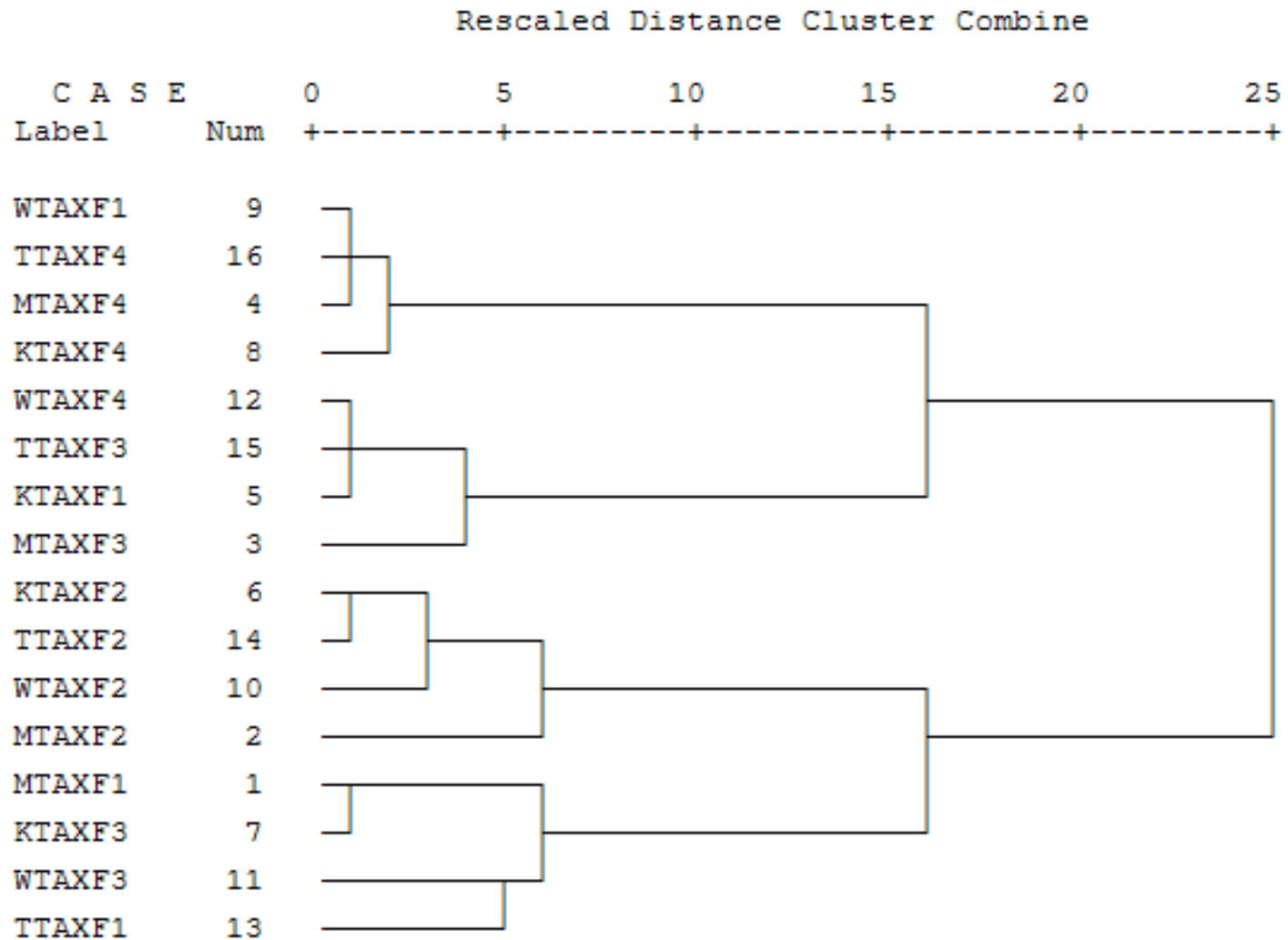
(K-means): KTAXV1 KTAXV2 KTAXV3 KTAXV4; (Ward): WTAXV1 WTAXV2
 WTAXV3 WTAXV4 (morfortax): MTAXV1 MTAXV2 MTAXV3 MTAXV4 (triathlon):
 TTAXV1 TTAXV2 TTAXV3 TTAXV4



CLUSTERING OF STANDARDIZED PROMAX FACTORS CENTROIDS

*** H I E R A R C H I C A L C L U S T E R A N A L Y S I S ***

Dendrogram using Average Linkage (Between Groups)



Correlation between promax factor scores (FAC) and morfotax (MORFTY) polar taonomic dimensions.

Intense&Rebellius (FAC1 : MORFTAY4)

Reflective&Complex (FAC2 : MORFTAY3)

Upbeat&Conventional (FAC3 : MORFTAY1)

Energetic&Rhythmic

	MORFTAY1	MORFTAY2	MORFTAY3	MORFTAY4
FAC1	-0.49	-0.27	0.07	0.79
FAC2	-0.26	-0.63	0.84	-0.04
FAC3	0.70	-0.61	0.00	0.18
FAC4	0.38	-0.26	0.02	0.00

CONCLUSIONS

- equivalent solutions of principal component analysis with promax rotation and nonlinear factor analysis by Hopfield neural network.
- Four factor solution resembling to previous studies with some interpretable differences

- Series of discriminant analyses in manifest and latent space, showing statistically significant differences between groups defined by all four algorithms,
- Four taxonomic algorithms representing agglomerative, hierarchical and polar taxonomic approach generates cluster composed by more than 50% of comun subjects.

- Clustering of manifest scales centroids and clustering of standardized promax factor scores centroids separate and group corresponding clusters from all four algorithms applied.

Thank You very much for your attention!



Sara Prot



Ksenija Bosnar



Adrijana Banožić



Franjo Prot

See You next time !!!

ASSISTANCE AND HELP:

- **Franjo Prot**

- **e-mail :**

pipo@kif.hr



- **reference to:**

[danirizb2011](#)